Moses and Matthew

Matthew 1-2

The Geneal ogies

- The word genealogy is the Greek word from which we get Genesis (Matt. 1:1). Υένεσις
- The book of Genesis is structured around this word (Gen. 2:4; 5:1; 6:9; 11:10; 11:27; 25:19; 37:2).
- Genealogies are a way of telling or reminding of history (cf. 1 Chron. 1-2).

Notice the name of Joseph's father (Matt. 1:16).

Abraham Isaac Jacob Judah Perez Hezron Ram Amminidab Nahshon

Salmon

Boaz Obed Jesse Solomon Rehoboam Abijah Asa **Jehoshaphat** Joram Uzziah

Jotham Ahaz Hezekiah Manasseh Amon Josiah Jeconiah Shealtiel Zerubbabel **Abihud**

Eliakim Azor Zadok Achim Eliud Eleazar Matthan Jacob Joseph Jesus

Abraham Isaac

Jacob Joseph

Abraham

Abraham

- A famine leads him to Egypt (Gen. 12:10)
- Pharaoh struck with plagues (Gen. 12:17)
- Abraham leaves with plunder (Gen. 12:20)
- God cuts a covenant (Gen. 15:7, 16-18).
- Hagar (Gen. 16).
- Circumcision as a sign of covenant (Gen. 17).
- Abraham eats and drinks with God (Gen. 18:8).
- He intercedes for Sodom & Gomorrah (Gen. 18:23-33).

- A famine leads Israel to Egypt
- Pharaoh struck with plagues (Ex. 7-12)
- Israel leaves with plunder (Ex. 12:32)
- God cuts a covenant (Ex. 20:2; 24:8).
- Mt. Sinai (Gal. 4:25)
- Circumcision as a sign of covenant (Ex. 12:44).
- Moses & elders eat with God (Ex. 24:11).
- Moses intercedes for wicked people (Ex. 32-34).

Abraham Isaac Jacob Joseph

Joseph Son of Jacob

- Joseph is guided by dreams (Matt. 1:20-23, 2:13, 19, 22).
- Joseph brings his family to Egypt to save them.
- The execution of the children ends up being associated with Rachel not Exodus (Matt. 2:6).